cular necrosis.[3]) In a matter of several weeks, flattening of the subchondral bone may occur in addition to abnormal findings in the trabecular bone. Most of the time, this trabecular abnormality is characterized radiographically by a radiolucency surrounded by an area of increased sclerosis.

Prognosis

The prognosis of this lesion depends on the size. In the early stage of osteonecrosis, nonsurgical treatment includes non-weight bearing and analgesics. In patients with more advanced disease, however, treatment options include lesion debridement, high tibial osteotomy, osteochondral allograft, and unicompartmental or total knee arthroplasty.

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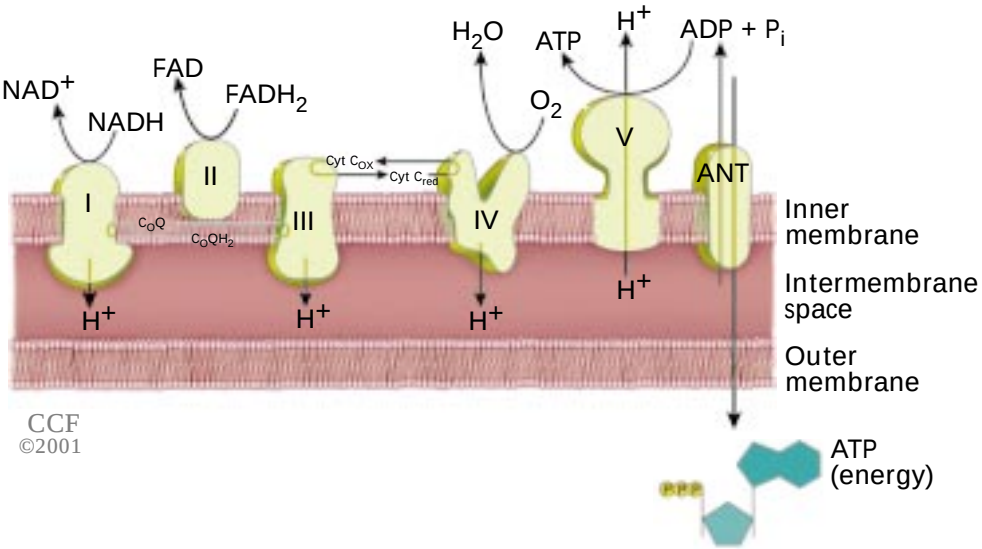
CORRECTION

The article "Mitochondrial cytopathy in adults: What we know so far" by Drs. Bruce H. Cohen and Deborah R. Gold (Cleve Clin J Med 2001; 68:625–648) contained an error. In FIGURE 1, the direction of the conversion of NADH to NAD^+ and of $FADH_2$ to FAD in the electron transport chain was reversed. The correct figure is shown below.



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