FROM THE EDITOR

Ebola—lessons still to be learned
So far, the disease has barely touched our country, but it has had a big impact on our health care system and our national psyche.
B.F. Mandell

THE CLINICAL PICTURE

Sarcoidal infiltration of tattoos
Corticosteroid treatment resulted in clinical improvement after 3 months.
L. Miguel-Gómez, S. Váró-Galván, B. Sido-Ahmed, C. Moreno García del Real, and P. Jaén-Olasolo

SMART TESTING

When does an adult with headaches need central nervous system imaging?
Without red-flag symptoms, central nervous system imaging is unwarranted and may be harmful.
J. Post and C. Moriates

1-MINUTE CONSULT

Is antibiotic treatment indicated in a patient with a positive urine culture but no symptoms?
Some groups should be screened and treated, eg, pregnant women and patients undergoing an invasive urologic procedure.
M.T. Hecker and C.J. Donskey

IM BOARD REVIEW

A 41-year-old man with abdominal pain
His symptoms and imaging findings suggested an infarction in the spleen, but what caused the infarction?
H. Rehman

MEDICAL GRAND ROUNDS

Ebola virus: Questions, answers, and more questions
The clinical virology of Ebola virus, the reported proposed treatments, and an overview of the current outbreak.
K.D. Brizendine

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Upcoming Features

- Tuberculosis: Would you recognize it?
- Cystic lung disease: Systematic diagnosis
- Tobacco addiction: Helping your patients quit
- Tailoring anticoagulation for atrial fibrillation
- Denosumab: A newer osteoporosis drug
- The genetics of hepatitis C
- When is it time to discuss driving with older patients?
- Is treating triglycerides worth the effort?

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REVIEW

Identifying statin-associated autoimmune necrotizing myopathy
Unlike simple myalgia or myositis, this condition can persist or even arise de novo after the statin is stopped.

J. ALBAYDA AND L. CHRISTOPHER-STINE

REVIEW

Updated guidelines on cardiovascular evaluation before noncardiac surgery: A view from the trenches
The purpose is not to get clearance for surgery but to evaluate the patient’s medical status and risk of complications.

S.L. COHN

EDITORIAL

Perioperative medicine: Combining the science and the art
Although we may wish for “cookbook” guidelines, often we must practice the “art” of medicine.

P.J. GRANT

REVIEW

Syncope: Etiology and diagnostic approach
There are three major types: neurally mediated, orthostatic, and cardiac. The goal is to rule out structural heart disease.

E.B. HANNA

PATIENT EDUCATION

Tilt-table testing

DEPARTMENTS

CME Calendar

Letters to the Editor
A reader comments on the risk of cancer with diabetes drugs (October 2014).

Directions for CME
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